Designation: B6 - 18

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials Standard AASHTO No: M120-77

Standard Specification for Zinc¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B6; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers zinc metal made from ore or other material by a process of distillation or by electrolysis in five grades as follows:
 - 1.1.1 LME Grade
 - 1.1.2 Special High Grade
 - 1.1.3 High Grade
 - 1.1.4 Intermediate Grade
 - 1.1.5 Prime Western Grade

Note 1—Certain continuous galvanizing grades are specified in Specification B852. Other continuous galvanizing and controlled lead grades are not included in this specification but are covered by specific user purchasing specifications.

- 1.2 This specification does not cover zinc produced by "sweating" or remelting of secondary zinc.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to become familiar with all hazards including those identified in the appropriate Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for this product/material as provided by the manufacturer, to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices, and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.5 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on the date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein.
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards:²
 - B852 Specification for Continuous Galvanizing Grade (CGG) Zinc Alloys for Hot-Dip Galvanizing of Sheet Steel
 - B897 Specification for Configuration of Zinc and Zinc Alloy Jumbo, Block, Half Block, and Slab Ingot
 - B899 Terminology Relating to Non-ferrous Metals and Alloys
 - B914 Practice for Color Codes on Zinc and Zinc Alloy Ingot for Use in Hot-Dip Galvanizing of Steel
 - B949 Specification for General Requirements for Zinc and Zinc Alloy Products
 - E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
 - E527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)
 - E536 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Zinc and Zinc Alloys
 - 2.3 ISO Standards:³
 - ISO 3815-1 Zinc and zinc alloys Part 1: Analysis of solid samples by optical emission spectrometry
 - ISO 3815-2 Zinc and zinc alloys Part 2: Analysis by inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectrometry

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Terms shall be defined in accordance with Terminology B899.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B02 on Nonferrous Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B02.04 on Zinc and Cadmium.

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2018. Published January 2019. Originally approved in 1911. Last previous edition approved in 2013 as B6-13. DOI: 10.1520/B0006-18.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

- 3.2.1 *LME Grade*, *n*—a grade of zinc containing a minimum of 99.995 % zinc, with controlled impurity levels, as specified in Table 1.
- 3.2.2 Special High Grade, n—a high purity grade of zinc containing a minimum of 99.990 % zinc, with controlled impurity levels, as specified in Table 1.
- 3.2.3 *High Grade*, *n*—a grade of zinc containing a minimum of 99.95 % zinc, with controlled impurity levels, as specified in Table 1.
- 3.2.4 *Intermediate Grade*, *n*—a grade of zinc containing a minimum of 99.5 % zinc, with controlled impurity levels, as specified in Table 1.
- 3.2.5 *Prime Western Grade*, *n*—a grade of zinc containing 0.5 to 1.4 % lead, a minimum of 98.5 % zinc, with controlled impurity levels, as specified in Table 1.
 - 3.3 Abbreviations:
 - 3.3.1 LME—LME Grade Zinc
 - 3.3.2 *SHG*—Special High Grade Zinc
 - 3.3.3 HG—High Grade Zinc
 - 3.3.4 IG—Intermediate Grade Zinc
 - 3.3.5 PWG—Prime Western Grade Zinc

4. Ordering Information

4.1 See Specification B949.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 The manufacturer shall use care to have each lot of zinc metal be as uniform in quality as possible.

6. Chemical Requirements

- 6.1 The zinc metal shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.
 - 6.2 See Specification B949.

7. Sizes and Shapes

7.1 Slabs varying in weight from 40 to 60 lb (18 to 27 kg) are all considered standard slabs.

- 7.2 Zinc metal may be ordered in jumbos or blocks, as specified in Specification B897.
- 7.3 Zinc metal may also be ordered in anodes or other shapes.

8. Appearance

8.1 The zinc metal shall be reasonably free of surface corrosion and adhering foreign matter.

9. Sampling for Chemical Analysis

9.1 See Specification B949.

10. Methods of Chemical Analysis

10.1 In case of disagreement, results secured by an approved method or a method mutually agreed upon by both parties shall be the basis of acceptance. Approved methods include Test Methods E536, ISO 3815-1 and ISO 3815-2.

Note 2—Test Methods E536 is directly applicable, in an unmodified form, only to alloys 3, 5, and 7. ISO 3815-1 and ISO 3815-2 are generic methods applied to zinc and zinc alloys. Each of the methods may be modified and formatted for the alloy to be assayed. An experienced chemist, using suitable and/or traceable standards along with valid quality assurance techniques, will be able to perform and validate the methods and demonstrate acceptable precision and accuracy.

11. Rejection and Rehearing

11.1 See Specification B949.

12. Investigation of Claims

12.1 See Specification B949.

13. Settlement of Claims

13.1 See Specification B949.

14. Product Identification Marking and Packaging

14.1 See Specification B949.

15. Keywords

15.1 high grade zinc; intermediate grade zinc; LME grade zinc; prime western zinc; special high grade zinc; zinc; zinc metal

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Note 1—The following applies to all specified limits in this table: For purposes of determining conformance with this specification, an observed value obtained from analysis shall be rounded off "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand place of figures used in expressing the limiting value, in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E29.

Grade [UNS] ^A		Composition,%								
	Color Code ^B	Lead	Iron max	Cadmium max	Alumi- num max	Copper max	Tin max	Total Non-Zinc max	Zinc, min by difference	
LME Grade (LME) [Z12002]	White	0.003 max	0.002	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.005	99.995	
Special High Grade ^C (SHG) [Z13001]	Yellow	0.003 max	0.003	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.010	99.990	
High Grade (HG) [Z14003]	Green	0.03 max	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.002	0.001	0.05	99.95	
Intermediate Grade (IG) [Z16005]	Blue	0.45 max	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.20		0.5	99.5	
Prime Western Grade (PWG) [Z18005]	Black	0.5–1.4	0.05	0.20	0.01	0.10		1.5	98.5	

^A UNS designations were established in accordance with Practice E527.

^B Refer to Practice B914.

^C For London Metal Exchange (LME) purposes, Special High Grade zinc must be 99.995 % minimum zinc content by difference, corresponding to LME Grade in ASTM Specification B6.



SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee B02 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (B6 - 13) that may impact the use of this standard. (Approved November 1, 2018.)

(1) Section references to Specification B949 were removed.

ASTM International takes no position respecting the validity of any patent rights asserted in connection with any item mentioned in this standard. Users of this standard are expressly advised that determination of the validity of any such patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, are entirely their own responsibility.

This standard is subject to revision at any time by the responsible technical committee and must be reviewed every five years and if not revised, either reapproved or withdrawn. Your comments are invited either for revision of this standard or for additional standards and should be addressed to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend. If you feel that your comments have not received a fair hearing you should make your views known to the ASTM Committee on Standards, at the address shown below.

This standard is copyrighted by ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, United States. Individual reprints (single or multiple copies) of this standard may be obtained by contacting ASTM at the above address or at 610-832-9585 (phone), 610-832-9555 (fax), or service@astm.org (e-mail); or through the ASTM website (www.astm.org). Permission rights to photocopy the standard may also be secured from the Copyright Clearance Center, 222 Rosewood Drive, Danvers, MA 01923, Tel: (978) 646-2600; http://www.copyright.com/